P.04

In the Claims:

 (Currently Amended) A method of making a laminate compliant with ASTM F1670-95 comprising:

treating a nonwoven web with a surfactant;

- heating a multilayer film having at least one layer comprising a micropore developing filler;
- stretching the multilayer film to a percentage of its unstretched state during the heating step; and
- thermally bonding the multilayer film to the surfactant treated nonwoven web thereby making the laminate compliant with ASTM F1670-95.
- 2. (Original) The method of claim 1 further comprising retracting the multilayer film a lesser percentage prior to bonding the film to the nonwoven web.
- 3. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein at least one layer of the multilayer film comprises about 30% to about 75% by weight polyolefin resin and from about 70% to about 25% by weight of filler having an average size less than about 10 microns.
- 4. (Canceled)
- 5. (Original) The method of claim 1 further comprising bonding a second nonwoven web to the laminate such that the multilayer film is disposed between the two nonwoven webs.
- 6. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the multilayer film is maintained at temperatures between about 160 degrees F and about 220 degrees F while the film is stretched.
- 7. (Original) The method of claim 2 wherein the multilayer film is maintained at

temperatures between about 160 degrees F and about 220 degrees F while the film is retracted.

- 8. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the multilayer film is stretched at least about 200 percent of its original length.
- 9. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the multilayer film is stretched between about 250 to about 500 percent of its original length.
- 10. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the multilayer film is stretched at least about 300 percent of its original length.
- 11. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the laminate, tested per NFPA 702-1980, meets the 20 second or greater flame propagation criteria for a Class 1 material.
- 12. (Currently Amended) A method of making a laminate compliant with ASTM F1670 95 comprising:

treating at least one surface of a nonwoven web with a surfactant;

forming an outer layer from the treated nonwoven web;

- heating a multilayer film having at least one layer comprising a micropore developing filler and at least one skin layer;
- stretching the multilayer film to at least 200 percent of its unstretched state while applying heat to the film;
- juxtaposing the multilayer film onto the treated nonwoven web so that the skin layer contacts the surfactant treated surface; and
- thermally bonding the film to the surfactant treated surface thereby making the laminate compliant with ASTM F1670-95.
- 13. (Original) The method of claim 12 further comprising retracting the multilayer film a lesser percentage prior to bonding the film to the nonwoven web.
- 14. (Original) The method of claim 12 further comprising retracting the multilayer film about 20 percent of its final stretched state.

- 15. (Original) The method of claim 12, wherein the laminate, tested per NFPA 702-1980, meets the 20 second or greater flame propagation criteria for a Class 1 material.
- 16. (Original) The method of claim 12, wherein the surfactant is coated onto the surface of the nonwoven web.
- 17. (Original) The method of claim 12, wherein film is maintained at temperatures between about 160 degrees F and about 220 degrees F while the film is stretched.
- 18. (Original) The method of claim 13 wherein the film is maintained at temperatures between about 160 degrees F and about 220 degrees F while the film is retracted.
- 19. (Original) The method of claim 12, for the manufacture of a surgical drape.
- 20. (Original) The method of claim 12 wherein a water vapor transmission test (WVTR), as measured by test method ASTM Standard E96-80 yields a value of greater than about 300 g/m2/day.